

MANAGEMENT OF SUSPECTED PULMONARY EMBOLISM IN ADULTS ON INITIAL PRESENTATION IN THE EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT

Ref No: 2704

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Care Group	:	Unscheduled Care Group (Emergency)
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		score, sPESI, D-Dimer
Comments	:	ABBREVIATIONS:
		sPESI: Simplified Pulmonary Embolism Severity Index
		PE: Pulmonary embolism
		SDEC: Same day emergency care
		AMA: Ambulatory medical assessment

MANAGEMENT OF SUSPECTED PE IN ADULTS ON INITIAL PRESENTATION TO ED

(Children<18 years, pregnant/6 weeks post-partum and IVDU are excluded) *

Date: Clinician:

Patient details:

Weight:	

Clinical Feature	Points	Patient Score
Clinical signs and symptoms of DVT (minimum of leg swelling and pain on palpating deep veins)	3	
An alternative diagnosis is less likely than PE	3	
Heart Rate >100bpm	1.5	
Immobilisation for more than 3 days or surgery in the last 4 weeks	1.5	
Previous DVT / PE	1.5	
Haemoptysis	1	
Malignancy (on treatment, treatment in the last 6 months or palliative)	1	
Clinical Probability Simplified Score	Total	
	score:	
PE Likely	>4	Proceed Step 2
PE Unlikely	4 or less	D-Dimer test

STEP: 1

Clinically suspected PE (Two-level PE well's score)

Time:

D-Dimer <500: not for PE pathway. Evaluate for alternative diagnosis D-Dimer >500: proceed to step 2

STEP: 2 Simplified PE Severity Index (PESI) Score

	Yes=1/No=0	Score
Age >80 years	1/0	
History of cancer	1/0	
History of chronic cardiopulmonary disease	1/0	
Heart rate >/= 110/mint.	1/0	
Systolic BP <100 mm Hg	1/0	
O2 Saturation <90%	1/0	
		Total Score:
Patients with a score of 0 are determined to be LOW risk		Proceed to Step 3
Patients with a score of >0 are determined to be HIGH risk		Admit Medics

sPESI>0: Refer to **medical team/AMA** for admission as appropriate. **sPESI**= 0 and no **EXCLUSION** criteria (page 2): proceed to **STEP 3**

Exclusion criteria: *

- Active bleeding or risk of major bleeding (eg, recent gastrointestinal bleed or surgery within last 14 days, Stroke within the preceding 10 days, Platelet < 75, previous intracranial bleeding, angiodysplasia, uncontrolled hypertension).
- On full-dose anticoagulation (INR 2 or above) at the time of the PE.
- Severe chest pain (eg, requiring opiates).
- Obesity (weight> 150kg) or other medical comorbidities requiring hospital admission.
- Chronic kidney disease stages 4 or 5 (eGFR <30 mL/min) or severe liver disease.
- Heparin-induced thrombocytopenia within the last year.
- Social reasons which may include inability to return home, inadequate care at home, lack of telephone communication, concerns over compliance etc.

STEP: 3

- a) Referral for SDEC 9am to 9pm (Monday to Saturday)
- b) Ref to AMU co-ordinator for next day SDEC (Mon to Sat: 9pm to 9am and Sunday) appointment.
- c) ECG and CXR
- d) FBC, U+E, LFT, COAG
- e) Tinzaparin treatment dose s/c stat in ED and TTO as applicable.
- f) Analgesics prescription if needed
- g) Advice to return to ED if shortness of breath or increasing pain
- h) Information leaflet to be given to patient on discharge from ED

***Ref:** British Thoracic Society Guideline for the initial outpatient management of pulmonary embolism. Luke S Howard et al. BMJ Open Resp Res 2018;5:e000281.

Pre-discharge checklist: please tick the box

- 1. Tinzaparin treatment dose administered in ED
- 2. AMU/SDEC co-ordinator informed and documented
- 3. Completed signed pathway and copy of notes to be kept in ED PE folder.
- 4. Information leaflet to be given to the patient
- 5. Telephone no of the patient to be recorded in patient details

Plan reviewed Doctor (reg/MG/consultant)	Checklist reviewed Nurse Co-ordinator
Signature:	Signature:
Name:	Name:

TINZAPARIN DOSE SCHEDULE

This can be found on the intranet – <u>Tinzaparin RSH only – Ref: 3685</u>

PATIENT INFORMATION ADVICE FOR SUSPECTED PE, FOR ASSESSMENT IN SDEC :

- 1. Your assessment today in emergency department suggests the possibility of having blood clot in your lung. However, you need further assessment to confirm or exclude the diagnosis.
- 2. You need to attend **SDEC** on ______ for further assessment and management of your current clinical condition.
- 4. Should you have any queries, please call switchboard and ask for extension to SDEC (RSH 01743261000 ext. 2692 / PRH 01952641222 ext. 4856).
- 5. Call 999/attend ED if you experience shortness of breath /feeling dizziness or faint like / worsening chest pain/coughing up blood or unwell.